# Exercise: Inheritance

Problems for exercise and homework for the ["C# OOP" course @ SoftUni".](https://softuni.bg/trainings/3585/csharp-oop-february-2022)

You can check your solutions <https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1500/Inheritance-Exercise>

**Use** the **provided** **skeleton** for each of the exercises.

## Person

You are asked to model an application for storing data about people. You should be able to have a **person** and a **child**. The **child** derives from the **person**. Your task is to model the application. The only constraints are:

* People should **not** be able to have a **negative age**
* Children should **not** be able to have an age **greater than 15**.
* **Person** – represents the base class by which all of the others are implemented
* **Child** - represents a class, which derives from **Person.**

### Note

Your class’s names **MUST** be the same as the names shown above!!!

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| **Sample Main()** |
| static void Main()  {  string name = Console.ReadLine();  int age = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());    Child child = new Child(name, age);  Console.WriteLine(child);  } |

Create a new empty class and name it **Person**. Set its access modifier to the **public** so it can be instantiated from any project. Every person has a **name** and an **age**.

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| **Sample Code** |
| public class Person  {  // 1. Add Fields  // 2. Add Constructor  // 3. Add Properties  // 4. Add Methods  } |

* Define a **field** for each property the class should have (e.g. **Name**, **Age**)
* Define the **Name** and **Age** properties of a Person.

### Step 1 – Define a Constructor

Define a constructor that accepts **name and age**.

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| **Sample Code** |
| public Person(string name, int age)  {  this.Name = name;  this.Age = age;  } |

### Step 2 – Override ToString()

As you probably already know, all classes in C# inherit the **Object** class and therefore have all its **public** members (**ToString()**, **Equals(),** and **GetHashCode()** methods). **ToString()** serves to return information about an instance as а string. Let's **override** (change) its behavior for our **Person** class.

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| **Sample Code** |
| public override string ToString()  {  StringBuilder stringBuilder = new StringBuilder();  stringBuilder.Append(String.Format("Name: {0}, Age: {1}",  this.Name,  this.Age));  return stringBuilder.ToString();  } |

And voila! If everything is correct, we can now create **Person objects** and display information about them.

### Step 3 – Create a Child

Create a **Child** class that inherits **Person** and has the same constructor definition. However, do not copy the code from the Person class - **reuse the Person class' constructor**.

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| **Sample Code** |
| public Child(string name, int age)  : base(name, age)  {  } |

There is **no need** to rewrite the **Name** and **Age** properties since the **Child** inherits **Person** and by default has them.

### Examples

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| **Input** | **Output** |
| Peter  12 | Name: Peter, Age: 13 |

## Zoo

**NOTE**: You need a public class **StartUp**.

Create a project **Zoo**. It needs to contain the following classes:



Follow the diagram and create all of the classes. **Each** of them, except the **Animal** class, should **inherit** from **another** **class**. Every class should have:

* A constructor, which accepts one parameter: **name**.
* Property **Name - string**.

Zip your solution without the bin and obj folders and upload it in Judge.

## Players and Monsters

NOTE: You need a public class **StartUp**.

Your task is to create the following game hierarchy:



Create a class Hero. It should contain the following members:

* A constructor, which accepts:
  + **username – string**
  + **level – int**
* The following properties:
  + **Username - string**
  + **Level – int**
* **ToString()** method

Hint: Override **ToString()** of the base class in the following way:

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|  |
| public override string ToString()  {  return $"Type: {this.GetType().Name} Username: {this.Username} Level: {this.Level}";  } |

## Need for Speed

NOTE: You need a public class **StartUp**. Create the following **hierarchy** with the following **classes**: 

Create a base class **Vehicle**. It should contain the following members:

* A constructor that accepts the following parameters: **int horsePower**, **double fuel**
* **DefaultFuelConsumption – double**
* **FuelConsumption – virtual double**
* **Fuel – double**
* **HorsePower – int**
* **virtual void Drive(double kilometers)**
  + The **Drive** method should have a functionality to reduce the **Fuel** based on the traveled kilometers.

The default fuel consumption for **Vehicle** is **1.25**.Some of the classes have different default fuel consumption values:

* **SportCar – DefaultFuelConsumption = 10**
* **RaceMotorcycle – DefaultFuelConsumption = 8**
* **Car – DefaultFuelConsumption = 3**

Zip your solution without the bin and obj folders and upload it in Judge.

## Restaurant

NOTE: You need a public class **StartUp**. Create a **Restaurant** project with the following classes and hierarchy:

There are **Food** and **Beverages** in the restaurant, and they are all products.

The **Product** class must have the following members:

* A constructor with the following parameters:
  + **Name – string**
  + **Price – decimal**

**Beverage** and **Food** classes are products.

The **Beverage** class must have the following members:

* A constructor with the following parameters**: string name, decimal price, double milliliters**
  + Reuse the constructor of the inherited class
* **Name – string**
* **Price – decimal**
* **Milliliters – double**

**HotBeverage** and **ColdBeverage** are beverages and they accept the following parameters upon initialization: **string name, decimal price, double milliliters.** Reuse the constructor of the inherited class.

**Coffee** and **Tea** are hot beverages. The **Coffee** class must have the following additional members:

* **double CoffeeMilliliters = 50**
* **decimal CoffeePrice = 3.50**
* **Caffeine – double**

The **Food** class must have the following members:

* A constructor with the following parameters**: string name, decimal price, double grams**
  + **Name – string**
  + **Price – decimal**
  + **Grams – double**

**MainDish**, **Dessert,** and **Starter** are food. They all accept the following parameters upon initialization: **string name, decimal price, double grams**. Reuse the base class constructor.

**Dessert** must accept **one more** parameter in its **constructor**: **double calories**, and has a property:

* **Calories**

Make **Fish**, **Soup** and **Cake** inherit the proper classes.

The **Cake** class must have the following default values:

* **Grams = 250**
* **Calories = 1000**
* **CakePrice = 5**

A **Fish** must have the following default values:

* **Grams = 22**

Zip your solution without the bin and obj folders and upload it to Judge.

## \*Animals

NOTE: You need a public class **StartUp**.

Create a hierarchy of **Animals**. Your program should have three different animals – **Dog**, **Frog,** and **Cat**. Deeper in the hierarchy you should have two additional classes – **Kitten** and **Tomcat**. **Kittens are female and Tomcats are male.** All types of animals should be able to produce some kind of sound - **ProduceSound()**. For example, the dog should be able to bark. Your task is to model the hierarchy and test its functionality. Create an animal of each kind and make them all produce sound.

You will be given some lines of input. Every two lines will represent an animal. On the first line will be the type of animal and on the second – the name, the age, and the gender. When the command "**Beast!**" is given, stop the input and print all the animals in the format shown below.

### Output

* Print the information for each animal on three lines. On the first line, print: **"{AnimalType}"**
* On the second line print: **"{Name} {Age} {Gender}"**
* On the third line print the sounds it produces: **"{ProduceSound()}"**

### Constraints

* Each **Animal** should have a **name**, an **age,** and a **gender**
* **All** input values should **not be blank** (e.g. name, age, and so on…)
* If you receive an input for the **gender** of a **Tomcat** or a **Kitten**, ignore it but **create** the animal
* If the input is invalid for one of the properties, throw an exception with the message: **"Invalid input!"**
* Each animal should have the functionality to **ProduceSound()**
* Here is the type of sound each animal should produce:
  + **Dog: "Woof!"**
  + **Cat: "Meow meow"**
  + **Frog: "Ribbit"**
  + **Kittens: "Meow"**
  + **Tomcat: "MEOW"**

### Examples

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| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| Cat  Tom 12 Male  Dog  Buddy 132 Male  Beast! | Cat  Tom 12 Male  Meow meow  Dog  Buddy 132 Male  Woof! |
| Frog  Kermit 12 Male  Beast! | Frog  Kermit 12 Male  Ribbit |
| Frog  Jelly -2 Male  Frog  Bully 2 Male  Beast! | Invalid input!  Frog  Bully 2 Male  Ribbit |